Transportation Planning

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Young Ho Chang
Fairfax County Department of Transportation



Roles and Responsibilities

- Federal
- State
- Regional (Washington D. C. Metro Area)
- Sub-Regional (Northern Virginia)
- Local



Federal Government

- Review and Approve State Proposals
- Develop Regulations and Guidance
- Promulgate Standards
- Provide Technical Assistance
- Distribute Funding
 - Usually with Strings Attached



Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 (CAAA)

- Requires that states integrate air quality and transportation planning process
- ISTEA (1991) and TEA-21 (1997) strengthened and supported CAAA
 - Required transportation plan to be consistent with state air plan - State Implementation Plan
 - Funding flexibility for alternative strategies
- Region is a "moderate" non-attainment area for 8 hour standard – must comply by 2010



Virginia

- Commonwealth Transportation Board
 - Policy Making Body
- Northern Virginia District became a full service district in 1987 (one of 9)
- VDRPT Created in 1992 as a separate agency
- State owns and maintains most of the highways including local roads
 - Virginia one of only four states
 - 1932 Byrd Road Act
 - Independent Cities
 - Arlington and Henrico Counties opted out



Washington D.C. Region

- Transportation Planning Board of the Council of Governments (TPB of COG)
- Northern Virginia, Suburban Maryland, and D.C.
- Creation of the Transportation Plan
 - Long Range Planning
 - Multimodal, Air Quality Conformity
 - Financially Constrained Long Range Plan (CLRP) -Updated every 3 years
- Creation of the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)
 - Implementation Plan



Sub-Regional (Northern Virginia)

- Northern Virginia Transportation Authority
 - Established July 1, 2002
 - 16 Members, 9 jurisdictions, 2 Gov appointees (including a CTB member), and 3 GA members, VDOT Commissioner, and DRPT Director
 - Transportation referendum
 - Broad authority



Local Government

- Land Use Planning and Authority
 - Comprehensive Plan
- Dillon Rule State
- Secondary Road System Coordination
- Transit is primarily a local responsibility



Comprehensive Plan

- Transportation Element of the Comprehensive Plan provides goals, objectives and policies for planning and implementation of the County's transportation system.
- "Land Use must be balanced with the supporting transportation infrastructure..."
- Countywide Objectives and Policies



Countywide Objectives and Policies

- Multimodal transportation system
- Reduce Single Occupant Vehicle (SOV)
 - Increase transit usage
 - Increase non-motorized transportation
 - Increase carpool and vanpool usage
 - Increase telecommuting
- Land Use and Transportation policies should be complementary
- Minimize community disruption and environmental impacts



Overview of Plan Update

Background:

- Last Major Plan Review (1988-1991)
 - Policy Plan, including the Countywide Transportation Policies, adopted in 1990
 - Area Plans and Transportation Plan Map adopted in 1991
- Studies and Amendments since 1991
 - 1996 Policy Plan Review
 - Area Plan Review, Out-of-Turn Plan Amendment and Special Studies
- 2001-2005 Policy Plan Review Cycle
 - Transportation Plan Update: 2004-2005



Plan Update

- Provide an up-to-date picture of the transportation system performance for the present and future years (2030)
 - Travel demand forecasting is undertaken to test the impacts of transportation network improvement alternatives and land use futures
- Review and update policies, maps and other plan elements to guide future development and improvement
- Not a Funding Plan



Transportation Plan Update

Process:

Public Involvement

Publicize plan update and upcoming activities

Hold public meetings to engage public and seek input

Hold public meetings on plan review prior to public hearings **Technical Preparation (2004)**

Travel demand forecasting

Analysis of results and implications

Plan Revision (Spring-Summer 2005)

Hybrid land use / network forecasting

Analysis of results

Review of policies

Preparation of draft transportation plan

Plan Approval (Fall-Winter 2005)

PC public hearing

Finalizing draft plan

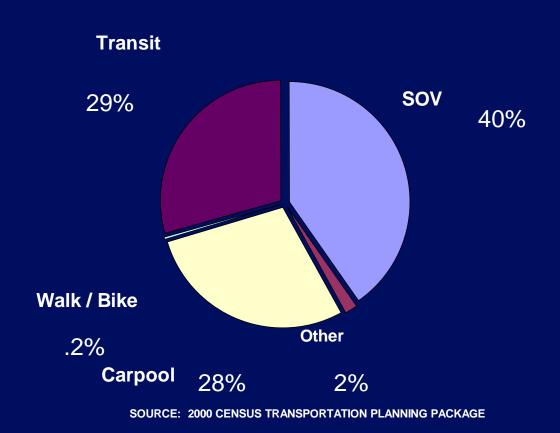
PC mark-up and approval

BOS public hearing and approval

Trends



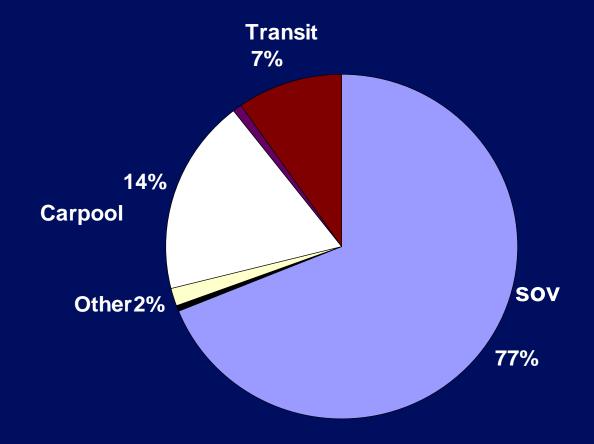
Mode of Travel to D.C. Fairfax County Residents Only





Mode of Travel to All Destinations

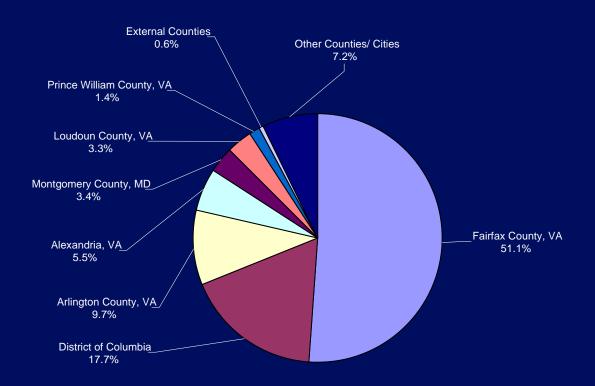
Fairfax County Residents Only



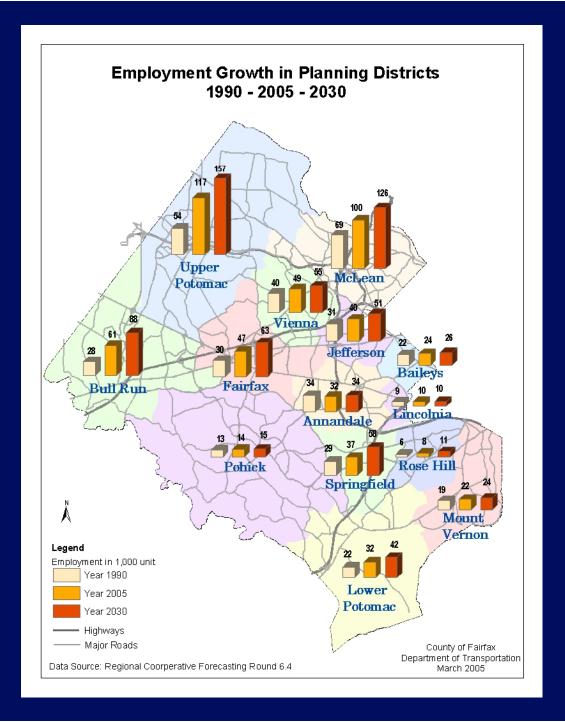
SOURCE: 2000 CENSUS TRANSPORTATION PLANNING PACKAGE

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Work Locations by Jurisdiction Fairfax County Residents Only

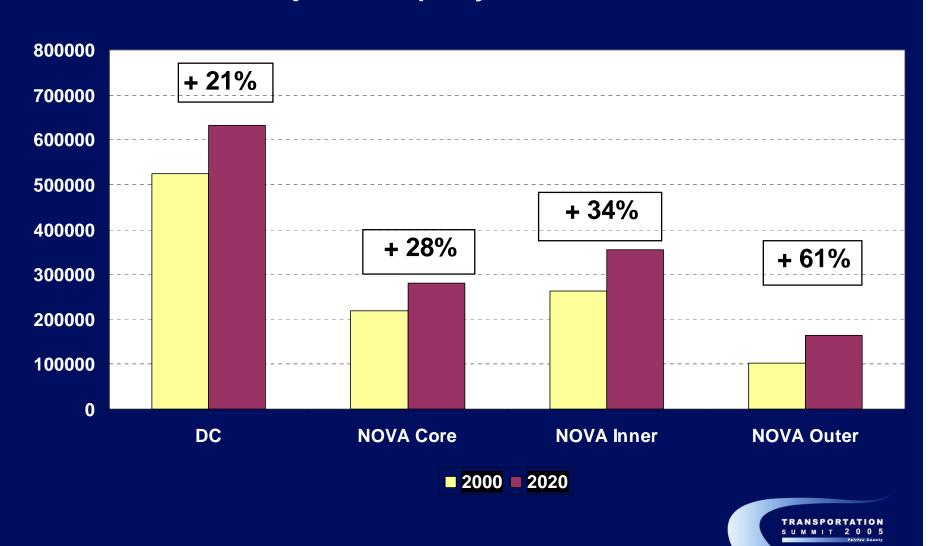








Employment Forecast for Major Employment Areas



Trends: Observations

- DC will remain a large employment center, however, growth is occurring beyond the core
- More Fairfax County residents work in the County
- Shift from "Hub and Spoke" to "Spider Web"
- Existing HOV network and Transit system is working but is geared toward "Hub and Spoke" movement
- Transit system and HOV network does not serve the "Spider Web" movement



Transportation Planning History 101



Name this Plan...

 "The Plan urges the State of Virginia to pass legislation permitting building or upgrading of highways before they become crowded - not after crowded situation already exists and also calls for more bridges across the Potomac..."



"Year 2000 Plan" developed in 1961



Transportation History *"The Plan"*

- "Year 2000 Plan" developed in 1961
 - Three Limited Access Beltways, Six Growth Corridors, and Extensive Rail and Transit Network
 - Open space protected and development confined in recognizable compact areas
 - Avoid improving "lesser roads"



Transportation History Part II "Death of the Plan"

- "Regional Development Plan" 1972
 - Deleted Outermost Beltway
 - Deleted Metrorail beyond 103 mile System
 - Deleted I-66 Inside the Beltway
- "Regional Transportation Plan" 1977
 - Deleted Segments of Middle Beltway
 - Deleted Metrorail in the Indian Head Highway and Dulles Corridor



Transportation History Part III "The Return of the Plan"

- "Northern Virginia 2010 Transportation Plan" - 1989
 - Comprehensive Study of Transit, HOV and Roadways
 - Never formally adopted by local jurisdictions



Transportation History Part IV "The Return of the Plan Updated"

- Northern Virginia 2020 Transportation Plan
 - Adopted by all local jurisdictions
 - Focuses on transportation corridors vs. discrete projects
 - Provides balance between highway and transit investments
 - Over 75% of expected funding needed for O
 & M of existing systems
 - Funding shortfall is \$14 Billion



Transportation History Part V "The Future of the Plan?"

- TransAction 2030
 - An update of the Northern Virginia 2020
 Transportation Plan
 - Sponsored by the Northern Virginia
 Transportation Authority
 - Prioritization of all transportation solutions presented in 2020 Plan



Observations

- "If you don't build them they will not come" thinking does not work
- Transportation is at best a facilitator not the cause of growth - Certain amount of congestion is a byproduct of economic prosperity
- "Drawbridge effect"
- Don't like sprawl but don't like density either
- Major projects of regional significance will require special funding source
- Highway and Transit funding policies are not equitable
- Sound transportation plan requires long term commitment of dedicated funds



More Observations

- Supply and Demand must look at both
- Utilize strengths of each mode
- Look to manage traffic congestion
- Land Use and Transportation must work together encourage mixed use, Dulles/Tysons Rail
- Prevent Urban Flight Crime and Race, Schools, Jobs, Affordable Housing
- Need a comprehensive package of strategies and the will to carry them out
- Battles are Won/Lost in the Trenches

